

## **Census Data Reveal Arizona's Fundamental Tax Mismatch** Arizona is a Low Tax State, But Not for Families Living in Poverty

Recently released data from the Census Bureau confirms that overall Arizona could be considered a “low tax state.” However, families living near or below the poverty line generally do not experience Arizona as a low tax state -- instead, they pay more than their fair share of state and local taxes.

### **A Low Tax State With Above Average Sales Taxes**

Arizona's state and local taxes are 21<sup>st</sup> lowest in the nation as a share of personal income. At 10.4 percent of personal income, Arizona's taxes were well below the national average in 2008. Arizona income taxes are quite low, 39 percent below the national average. Arizona's property taxes are 11 percent below the national average. Arizona sales and excise taxes, by contrast, were 35 percent above the national average. However, the state's reliance on one tax in particular is dramatically above the national average, the state ranks 9<sup>th</sup> highest in terms of sales and excise taxes as a share of income. This heavy reliance on regressive sales and excise taxes means that Arizona isn't a low tax state for everyone.

### **A High Tax State for Low Income Taxpayers**

Arizona's tax laws actually redistribute income away from ordinary families and towards the richest Arizonans. A November 2009 report by the Institute on Taxation and Economic Policy<sup>1</sup> found that the poorest twenty percent of Arizonans paid, on average, 12.5 percent of their income in Arizona taxes, while the wealthiest one percent of taxpayers paid an average of only 4.6 percent of their income in state and local taxes. In fact, taxes paid by the poorest 20 percent of non-elderly Arizonans (those with an average income of \$12,500) are 4<sup>th</sup> highest in the nation. By this same measure, the taxes paid by Arizonans in the second quintile, with average incomes of \$27,500, were 5<sup>th</sup> highest in the nation.

The primary reason for this mismatch is that Arizona's tax system is extremely imbalanced in its reliance on the “big three” taxes (income, sales, and property). Specifically, Arizona's tax system relies far too heavily on sales taxes, and far too little on income taxes. “With poverty rates on the rise, Arizona's tax system is actually pushing families further into poverty.” said Meg Wiehe, ITEP's State Tax Policy Director. “Reforming Arizona's unfair tax system to achieve greater fairness should be a top priority for state lawmakers.”

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<sup>1</sup> Who Pays? A Distributional Analysis of the Tax Systems in All 50 State, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition. (Institute on Taxation and Economic Policy, 2009). [http://www.itepnet.org/state\\_reports/whopays.php](http://www.itepnet.org/state_reports/whopays.php)